

Need another word that means the same as “bonding”? Find 1 synonym and 30 related words for “bonding” in this overview.

Table Of Contents:

- [Bonding as a Noun](#)
- [Definitions of "Bonding" as a noun](#)
- [Synonyms of "Bonding" as a noun \(1 Word\)](#)
- [Usage Examples of "Bonding" as a noun](#)
- [Associations of "Bonding" \(30 Words\)](#)

**The synonyms of “Bonding” are: soldering**

## **Bonding as a Noun**

### **Definitions of "Bonding" as a noun**

According to the [Oxford Dictionary of English](#), “bonding” as a noun can have the following definitions:

- *The establishment of a relationship or link with someone based on shared feelings, interests, or experiences.*
- *(dentistry) a technique for repairing a tooth; resinous material is applied to the surface of the tooth where it adheres to the tooth's enamel.*
- *A technique for repairing a tooth; resinous material is applied to the surface of the tooth where it adheres to the tooth's enamel.*
- *Fastening firmly together.*
- *A close personal relationship that forms between people (as between husband and wife or parent and child).*
- *The placement of dutiable goods in bond.*
- *The laying of bricks in an overlapping pattern so as to form a strong structure.*
- *The action of joining things securely by means of adhesive, heat, or pressure or by chemical bonds.*



## Synonyms of "Bonding" as a noun (1 Word)

**soldering** Fastening firmly together.



## Usage Examples of "Bonding" as a noun

- *The bonding of metals to non-metals.*
- *Scientific principles such as chemical bonding or the workings of jet propulsion.*
- *The bonding of the brickwork would have to be altered during construction to allow a window to be inserted.*
- *We were friendly to each other, but there was no bonding.*
- *The interactions are stabilized by hydrogen bonding.*
- *They want the introduction of bonding to guarantee that consignments will be properly handled.*
- *Family bonding can be accomplished by planning a fishing trip.*



## Associations of "Bonding" (30 Words)

- alchemy** The way two individuals relate to each other.  
*Finding the person who s right for you requires a very subtle **alchemy**.*
- alkaline** Having the properties of an alkali, or containing alkali; having a pH greater than 7.  
*An **alkaline** soil.*
- alloy** Make an alloy of.  
***Alloy** wheels.*
- anode** The negatively charged terminal of a voltaic cell or storage battery that supplies current.
- atom** Atomic particles as a source of nuclear energy.  
*Eight **atom** hockey teams.*
- braze** A brazed joint.  
*A disc is **brazed** to the cut off end of the drill shank.*
- cathode** The positively charged terminal of a voltaic cell or storage battery that supplies current.

<b><u>chemical</u></b>	Relating to or denoting the use of poison gas or other chemicals as weapons of war. <i><b>Chemical</b> engineer.</i>
<b>chemically</b>	In a way that relates to chemistry, or to the interactions of substances as studied in chemistry. <i>Her naturally wavy blonde hair was <b>chemically</b> straightened.</i>
<b><u>chemistry</u></b>	The complex emotional or psychological interaction between people. <i>The <b>chemistry</b> of soil.</i>
<b><u>compound</u></b>	Composed of more than one partcompound flower heads. <i>A <b>compound</b> of hydrogen and oxygen.</i>
<b>copper</b>	Coat with a layer of copper. <i>Some iron hulls were sheathed with wood and then <b>coppered</b>.</i>
<b>electricity</b>	A form of energy resulting from the existence of charged particles (such as electrons or protons), either statically as an accumulation of charge or dynamically as a current. <i>The regional <b>electricity</b> companies.</i>
<b>electrode</b>	A conductor used to make electrical contact with some part of a circuit.
<b>electron</b>	A stable subatomic particle with a charge of negative electricity, found in all atoms and acting as the primary carrier of electricity in solids.
<b>hydrogen</b>	A nonmetallic univalent element that is normally a colorless and odorless highly flammable diatomic gas; the simplest and lightest and most abundant element in the universe.
<b>hydroxide</b>	A compound of a metal with the hydroxide ion OH as in many alkalis or the group OH.
<b>ion</b>	An atom or molecule with a net electric charge due to the loss or gain of one or more electrons. <i>A sulphate <b>ion</b>.</i>
<b>isotope</b>	One of two or more atoms with the same atomic number but with different numbers of neutrons. <i>Some elements have only one stable <b>isotope</b>.</i>
<b>lithium</b>	Lithium carbonate or another lithium salt used as a mood stabilizing drug.
<b>magnetize</b>	Give magnetic properties to; make magnetic. <i>A compass is really a <b>magnetized</b> needle.</i>
<b>manganese</b>	The black dioxide of manganese as an industrial raw material or additive especially in glass making.
<b><u>metal</u></b>	Cover with metal. <i>Industrial music is a blend of <b>metal</b> and techno.</i>

- molecule** A tiny piece of anything.
- monoxide** An oxide containing one atom of oxygen in its molecule or empirical formula.
- neutrino** A neutral subatomic particle with a mass close to zero and half integral spin which rarely reacts with normal matter Three kinds of neutrinos are known associated with the electron muon and tau particle.
- neutron** A subatomic particle of about the same mass as a proton but without an electric charge, present in all atomic nuclei except those of ordinary hydrogen.
- physics** The branch of science concerned with the nature and properties of matter and energy The subject matter of physics includes mechanics heat light and other radiation sound electricity magnetism and the structure of atoms.  
*He studied the **physics** of radiation.*
- silicate** A salt or ester derived from silicic acid.
- welding** Fastening two pieces of metal together by softening with heat and applying pressure.

