

Need another word that means the same as “mass”? Find 107 synonyms and 30 related words for “mass” in this overview.

Table Of Contents:

- [Mass as a Noun](#)
- [Definitions of "Mass" as a noun](#)
- [Synonyms of "Mass" as a noun \(89 Words\)](#)
- [Usage Examples of "Mass" as a noun](#)
- [Mass as a Verb](#)
- [Definitions of "Mass" as a verb](#)
- [Synonyms of "Mass" as a verb \(8 Words\)](#)
- [Usage Examples of "Mass" as a verb](#)
- [Mass as an Adjective](#)
- [Definitions of "Mass" as an adjective](#)
- [Synonyms of "Mass" as an adjective \(10 Words\)](#)
- [Usage Examples of "Mass" as an adjective](#)
- [Associations of "Mass" \(30 Words\)](#)

**The synonyms of “Mass” are: hoi polloi, masses, multitude, people, the great unwashed, bulk, volume, batch, deal, flock, good deal, great deal, hatful, heap, lot, mess, mickle, mint, mountain, muckle, passel, peck, pile, plenty, pot, raft, sight, slew, spate, stack, tidy sum, wad, clump, cloud, bunch, bundle, lump, large number, abundance, profusion, group, crowd, mob, rabble, horde, barrage, throng, huddle, host, troop, army, herd, drove, swarm, pack, press, crush, flood, majority, larger number, larger part, greater number, greater part, best part, better part, major part, main body, preponderance, lion's share, the common people, the populace, the public, the people, the multitude, the rank and file, the crowd, the third estate, weight, size, magnitude, dimensions, capacity, density, extent, scope, greatness, bigness, amount, matter, aggregate, aggregated, aggregative, wholesale, universal, widespread, general, large-scale, extensive, pandemic, accumulate, assemble, amass, collect, gather, gather together, draw together, join together**

## **Mass as a Noun**

## Definitions of "Mass" as a noun

According to the [Oxford Dictionary of English](#), "mass" as a noun can have the following definitions:

- *A musical setting for a Mass.*
- *A large number or amount or extent.*
- *A body of matter without definite shape.*
- *The common people generally.*
- *A sequence of prayers constituting the Christian Eucharistic rite.*
- *A large body of matter with no definite shape.*
- *A large amount of material.*
- *(in general use) weight.*
- *(often followed by `of') a large number or amount or extent.*
- *A large number of people or objects crowded together.*
- *The celebration of the Eucharist.*
- *The majority of.*
- *The quantity of matter which a body contains, as measured by its acceleration under a given force or by the force exerted on it by a gravitational field.*
- *(Roman Catholic Church and Protestant Churches) the celebration of the Eucharist.*
- *Any of the main portions in a painting or drawing that each have some unity in colour, lighting, or some other quality.*
- *The ordinary people.*
- *The property of something that is great in magnitude.*
- *A large quantity or amount of something.*
- *An ill-structured collection of similar things (objects or people).*
- *The property of a body that causes it to have weight in a gravitational field.*



## Synonyms of "Mass" as a noun (89 Words)

<b>abundance</b>	The ratio of the number of atoms of a specific isotope of an element to the total number of isotopes present. <i>The growth of industry promised wealth and <b>abundance</b>.</i>
<b>amount</b>	The relative magnitude of something with reference to a criterion. <i>The <b>amount</b> he had in cash was insufficient.</i>
<a href="#"><u>army</u></a>	The army of the United States of America the agency that organizes and trains soldiers for land warfare. <i>An <b>army</b> of photographers.</i>
<b>barrage</b>	The rapid and continuous delivery of linguistic communication (spoken or written). <i>They are considering a tidal <b>barrage</b> built across the Severn estuary.</i>
<b>batch</b>	A quantity or consignment of goods produced at one time. <i><b>Batch</b> production.</i>
<b>best part</b>	Canadian physiologist (born in the United States) who assisted F. G. Banting in research leading to the discovery of insulin (1899-1978).
<b>better part</b>	A superior person having claim to precedence.
<b>bigness</b>	The property of having a relatively great size.

<b>bulk</b>	The mass or size of something large. <i>It is cheaper to buy it in <b>bulk</b>.</i>
<b>bunch</b>	An informal body of friends. <i>A <b>bunch</b> of grapes.</i>
<b>bundle</b>	A set of nerve, muscle, or other fibres running in parallel close together. <i>The new printer cost a <b>bundle</b>.</i>
<b>capacity</b>	Capability to perform or produce. <i>I was impressed by her <b>capacity</b> for hard work.</i>
<b>cloud</b>	A group of many things in the air or on the ground. <i>After that mistake he was under a <b>cloud</b>.</i>
<b>clump</b>	A compacted mass or lump of something. <i><b>Clumps</b> of earth.</i>
<b>crowd</b>	An audience, especially one at a sporting event. <i>He d become just another face in the <b>crowd</b>.</i>
<b>crush</b>	The act of crushing. <i>Lemon <b>crush</b>.</i>
<b>deal</b>	The set of hands dealt to the players. <i>Time for one more game All right Whose <b>deal</b>.</i>
<b>density</b>	The degree of compactness of a substance. <i>A reduction in bone <b>density</b>.</i>
<b>dimensions</b>	Magnitude or extent.
<b>drove</b>	A mechanism by which force or power is transmitted in a machine.
<b>extent</b>	The distance or area or volume over which something extends. <i>To a certain <b>extent</b> she was right.</i>
<b>flock</b>	A number of domestic animals, especially sheep, goats, or geese, that are kept together. <i>Thomas addressed his <b>flock</b>.</i>
<b>flood</b>	The act of flooding filling to overflowing. <i>She burst into <b>floods</b> of tears.</i>
<b>good deal</b>	Benefit.
<b>great deal</b>	A person who has achieved distinction and honor in some field.
<b>greater number</b>	A person who has achieved distinction and honor in some field.
<b>greater part</b>	A person who has achieved distinction and honor in some field.
<b>greatness</b>	Unusual largeness in size or extent or number. <i>Elgar s <b>greatness</b> as a composer.</i>

<b>group</b>	A set of elements occupying a column in the periodic table and having broadly similar properties arising from their similar electronic structure. <i>The largest newspaper <b>group</b> in the UK.</i>
<b>hatful</b>	As many or as much as a hat will hold.
<b>heap</b>	An untidy or dilapidated place or vehicle. <i>Her clothes lay in a <b>heap</b> on the floor.</i>
<b>herd</b>	A group of cattle or sheep or other domestic mammals all of the same kind that are herded by humans. <i>Farms with big dairy <b>herds</b>.</i>
<b>hoi polloi</b>	The common people generally.
<b>horde</b>	A large group of people. <i>Tartar <b>hordes</b>.</i>
<b>host</b>	A person who acts as host at formal occasions makes an introductory speech and introduces other speakers. <i>They were always gracious <b>hosts</b> at the numerous dinner parties they held for friends.</i>
<b>huddle</b>	A close grouping of people or things. <i>The service was performed with more harmony and less <b>huddle</b> than I have known it.</i>
<b>large number</b>	A garment size for a large person.
<b>larger number</b>	A garment size for a large person.
<b>larger part</b>	A garment size for a large person.
<b>lion's share</b>	Assets belonging to or due to or contributed by an individual person or group.
<b>lot</b>	A plot of land assigned for sale or for a particular use. <i>It s just one <b>lot</b> of rich people stealing from another.</i>
<b>lump</b>	A heavy, ungainly, or slow-witted person. <i>He was unhurt apart from a huge <b>lump</b> on his head.</i>
<b>magnitude</b>	A number assigned to the ratio of two quantities two quantities are of the same order of magnitude if one is less than 10 times as large as the other the number of magnitudes that the quantities differ is specified to within a power of 10. <i>A problem of the first <b>magnitude</b>.</i>
<b>main body</b>	A principal pipe in a system that distributes water or gas or electricity or that collects sewage.

<b>major part</b>	A university student who is studying a particular field as the principal subject.
<b>majority</b>	The rank or office of a major. <i>The <b>majority</b> of his customers prefer it.</i>
<b>masses</b>	The property of a body that causes it to have weight in a gravitational field.
<b>matter</b>	(used with negation) having consequence. <i>Reading <b>matter</b>.</i>
<b>mess</b>	A meal eaten in a mess hall by service personnel. <i>A <b>mess</b> of mashed black beans and rice.</i>
<b>mickle</b>	A large number or amount or extent.
<b>mint</b>	A peppermint sweet. <i>Dickie pulled out a packet of <b>mints</b> from his pocket.</i>
<b>mob</b>	The Mafia or a similar criminal organization. <i>The local <b>mob</b> called this spot Gimba which means good pastures.</i>
<b>mountain</b>	A large surplus stock of a commodity. <i>A <b>mountain</b> peak.</i>
<b>muckle</b>	(often followed by `of') a large number or amount or extent.
<b>multitude</b>	A large indefinite number. <i>They would swarm over the river in their <b>multitude</b>.</i>
<b>pack</b>	A convenient package or parcel as of cigarettes or film. <i>An information <b>pack</b>.</i>
<b>passel</b>	(often followed by `of') a large number or amount or extent. <i>See the rest of the winners in our huge <b>passel</b> of photos.</i>
<b>peck</b>	A stroke or bite by a bird with its beak. <i>The bird managed to give its attacker a sharp <b>peck</b>.</i>
<b>people</b>	The common people generally. <i>My <b>people</b> live in Warwickshire.</i>
<b>pile</b>	A series of plates of dissimilar metals laid one on another alternately to produce an electric current. <i>He s making <b>piles</b> of money.</i>
<b>plenty</b>	(often followed by `of') a large number or amount or extent. <i>It must have cost <b>plenty</b>.</i>
<b>preponderance</b>	A superiority in numbers or amount. <i>A <b>preponderance</b> of evidence against the defendant.</i>

<b>press</b>	Any machine that exerts pressure to form or shape or cut materials or extract liquids or compress solids. <i>The <b>press</b> of business matters.</i>
<b>profusion</b>	The property of being extremely abundant. <i>The beautiful pink foxgloves growing in <b>profusion</b> among the ferns.</i>
<b>rabble</b>	A disorderly crowd; a mob. <i>He was met by a <b>rabble</b> of noisy angry youths.</i>
<b>raft</b>	A large number or amount or extent. <i>Great <b>rafts</b> of cormorants often 5 000 strong.</i>
<b><u>scope</u></b>	A telescope microscope or other device having a name ending in scope. <i>We widened the <b>scope</b> of our investigation.</i>
<b>sight</b>	A thing that one sees or that can be seen. <i>Joseph lost his <b>sight</b> as a baby.</i>
<b><u>size</u></b>	A person or garment corresponding to a particular numbered size. <i>He wears a <b>size</b> 13 shoe.</i>
<b><u>slew</u></b>	(often followed by `of') a large number or amount or extent. <i>I was assaulted by the thump and <b>slew</b> of the van.</i>
<b>spate</b>	The occurrence of a water flow resulting from sudden rain or melting snow. <i>A <b>spate</b> of attacks on holidaymakers.</i>
<b><u>stack</u></b>	A vertical arrangement of hi-fi or guitar amplification equipment. <i>A <b>stack</b> of boxes.</i>
<b><u>swarm</u></b>	A group of many things in the air or on the ground. <i>A <b>swarm</b> of journalists.</i>
<b>the common people</b>	A piece of open land for recreational use in an urban area.
<b>the crowd</b>	A large number of things or people considered together.
<b>the great unwashed</b>	A person who has achieved distinction and honor in some field.
<b>the multitude</b>	A large gathering of people.
<b>the people</b>	Any group of human beings (men or women or children) collectively.
<b>the populace</b>	People in general considered as a whole.
<b>the public</b>	A body of people sharing some common interest.
<b>the rank and file</b>	Relative status.
<b>the third estate</b>	The musical interval between one note and another three notes away from it.



<b>throng</b>	A large gathering of people. <i>He pushed his way through the <b>throng</b>.</i>
<b>tidy sum</b>	Receptacle that holds odds and ends (as sewing materials).
<b>troop</b>	A cavalry unit corresponding to an infantry company. <i>UN peacekeeping <b>troops</b>.</i>
<b><u>volume</u></b>	A relative amount. <i>Changes in the <b>volume</b> of consumer spending.</i>
<b><u>weight</u></b>	A system of units used to express the weight of something. <i>He placed two <b>weights</b> in the scale pan.</i>



## Usage Examples of "Mass" as a noun

- *The sun broke out from behind a mass of clouds.*
- *A mass of cyclists.*
- *The masterly distribution of masses.*
- *The mass of the people think that the problems are caused by government inefficiency.*
- *A huge ice mass.*



- *We get masses of homework.*
- *He received a mass of correspondence.*
- *Separate the warriors from the mass.*
- *Seaside towns that catered for the masses.*
- *Multiply the mass of the payload by the distance travelled.*
- *Stellar objects of intermediate mass.*
- *A mass of conflicting evidence.*



## Mass as a Verb

### Definitions of "Mass" as a verb

According to the [Oxford Dictionary of English](#), "mass" as a verb can have the following definitions:

- *Join together into a mass or collect or form a mass.*

- *Assemble or cause to assemble into a single body or mass.*



## Synonyms of "Mass" as a verb (8 Words)

<b><u>accumulate</u></b>	Gather; build up. <i>The toxin <b>accumulated</b> in their bodies.</i>
<b>amass</b>	Gather together or accumulate (a large amount or number of material or things) over a period of time. <i>The soldiers were <b>amassing</b> from all parts of Spain.</i>
<b><u>assemble</u></b>	Create by putting components or members together. <i><b>Assemble</b> your colleagues.</i>
<b>collect</b>	Gather or collect. <i>He lost control of the truck and <b>collected</b> two cats.</i>
<b>draw together</b>	Move or pull so as to cover or uncover something.
<b><u>gather</u></b>	Collect or gather. <i><b>Gather</b> the close family members.</i>



**gather together** Increase or develop.

**join together** Become part of; become a member of a group or organization.



## Usage Examples of "Mass" as a verb

- *Crowds were massing outside the palace.*
- *Clouds massed heavily on the horizon.*
- *Both countries began massing troops in the region.*



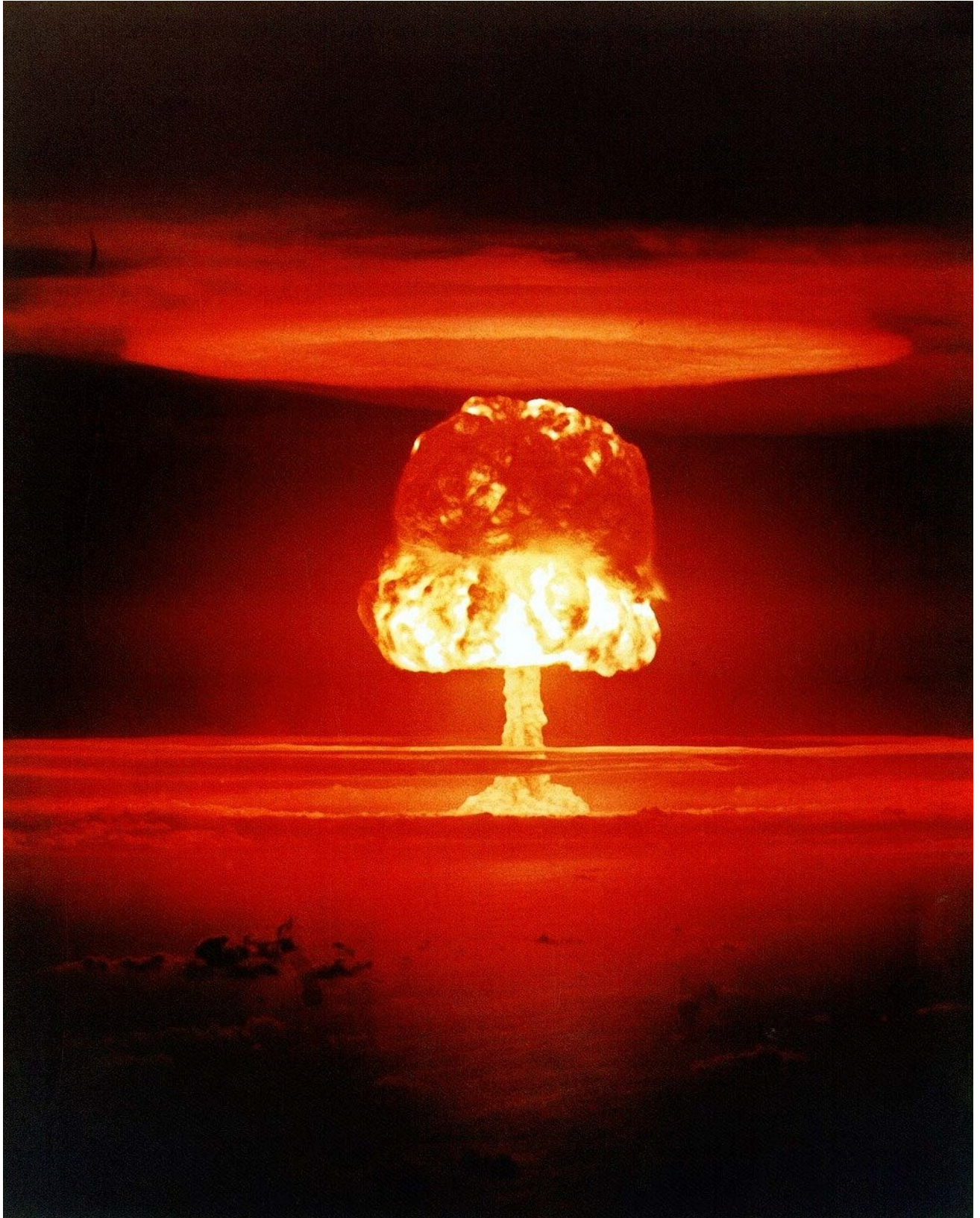
## Mass as an Adjective

### Definitions of "Mass" as an adjective

According to the [Oxford Dictionary of English](#), "mass" as an adjective can have the following definitions:

- *Formed of separate units gathered into a mass or whole.*
- *Involving or affecting large numbers of people or things.*





## Synonyms of "Mass" as an adjective (10 Words)

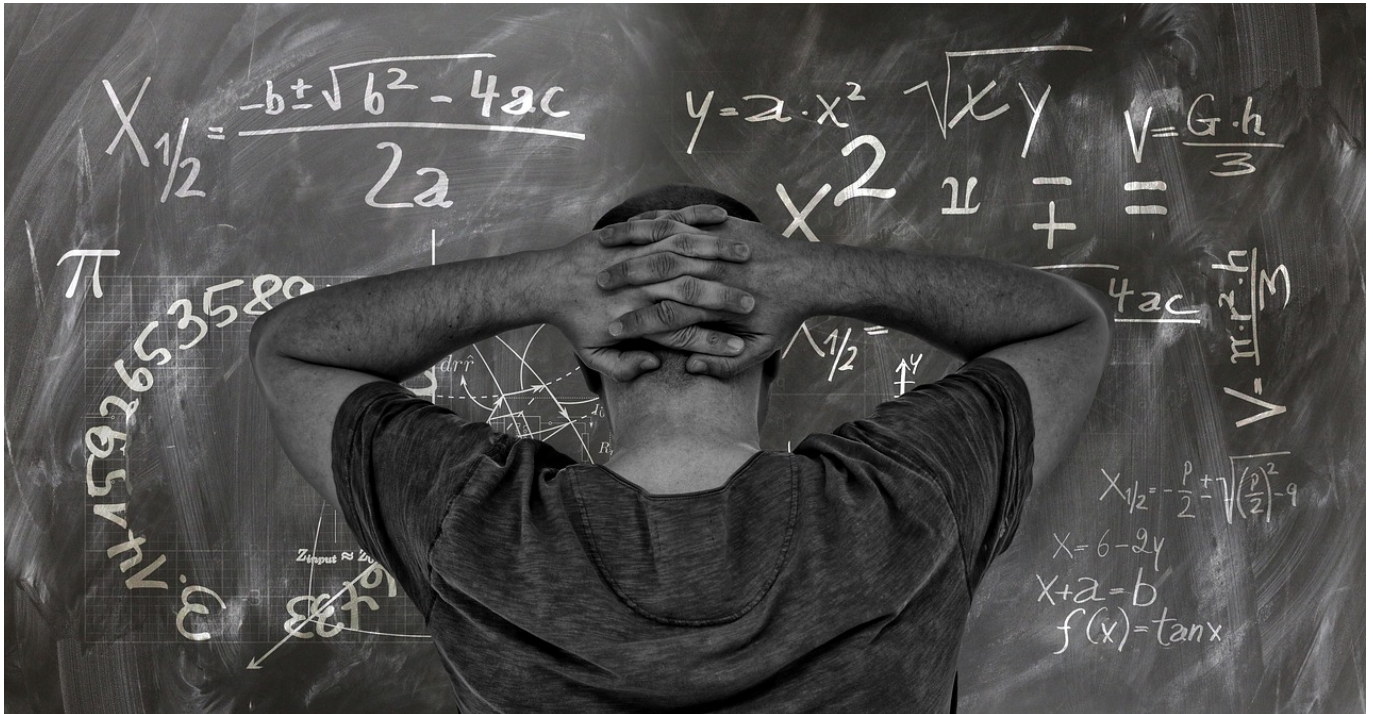
- aggregate** (of a group of species) comprising several very similar species formerly regarded as a single species.  
*The **aggregate** amount of grants made.*
- aggregated** Formed of separate units gathered into a mass or whole.  
*The **aggregated** amount of indebtedness.*
- aggregative** Formed of separate units gathered into a mass or whole.
- extensive** Covering or affecting a large area.  
*An **extensive** Roman settlement in northwest England.*
- general** Prevailing among and common to the general public.  
*The **general** public.*
- large-scale** Constructed or drawn to a big scale.
- pandemic** (of a disease) prevalent over a whole country or the world.  
***Pandemic** diseases have occurred throughout history.*
- universal** Applicable to or common to all members of a group or set.  
***Universal** adult suffrage.*
- wholesale** Done on a large scale; extensive.  
*The **wholesale** destruction of these animals by poachers.*
- widespread** Found or distributed over a large area or number of people.  
***Widespread** fear of nuclear war.*





## Usage Examples of "Mass" as an adjective

- *The film has mass appeal.*
- *A mass exodus of refugees.*



## Associations of "Mass" (30 Words)

- batch** Batch together assemble or process as a batch.  
*The company undertakes thirty six separate quality control checks on every **batch**.*
- bemoan** Regret strongly.  
*It was no use **bemoaning** her lot.*
- bulk** The property resulting from being or relating to the greater in number of two parts; the main part.  
*The **bulk** of the work is finished.*
- chunk** Divide something into chunks.  
*The **chunking** of information.*
- cohort** A company of companions or supporters.  
*A **cohort** of civil servants patiently drafting legislation.*
- concourse** The action of coming together or meeting.  
*A station **concourse**.*
- cram** (of a number of people) enter a place that is too small to accommodate all of them.  
***Cram** books into the suitcase.*

<b>crowd</b>	Cause to herd drive or crowd together. <i>They <b>crowded</b> into the cockpit.</i>
<b>demonstration</b>	A public display of group feelings (usually of a political nature). <i>He gave the customer a <b>demonstration</b>.</i>
<b>dirge</b>	A song or hymn of mourning composed or performed as a memorial to a dead person. <i>The wind howled <b>dirges</b> around the chimney.</i>
<b>elegy</b>	(in Greek and Latin verse) a poem written in elegiac couplets, as notably by Catullus and Propertius.
<b>grieve</b>	Feel intense sorrow. <i>His behavior <b>grieves</b> his mother.</i>
<b>jam</b>	A hold obtained by jamming a part of the body such as a hand or foot into a crack in the rock. <i>The streets were <b>jammed</b> with tourist coaches.</i>
<b>jeremiad</b>	A long and mournful complaint. <i>The <b>jeremiads</b> of puritan preachers warning of moral decay.</i>
<b>lament</b>	A mournful poem a lament for the dead. <i>Their pitiful <b>laments</b> could be heard throughout the ward.</i>
<b>lump</b>	An awkward stupid person. <i>There was a <b>lump</b> of ice floating in the milk.</i>
<b>maudlin</b>	Effusively or insincerely emotional. <i>A <b>maudlin</b> jukebox tune.</i>
<b>mob</b>	(of a group of birds or mammals) surround and attack (a predator or other source of threat) in order to drive it off. <i>Small mammals may indulge in <b>mobbing</b> to rid themselves of a feared killer.</i>
<b>mourn</b>	Observe the customs of mourning after the death of a loved one. <i>She <b>mourned</b> for her friends who died in the accident.</i>
<b>multitude</b>	A large indefinite number. <i>A <b>multitude</b> of TV antennas.</i>
<b>plurality</b>	The number by which plurality exceeds the number of votes cast for the candidate placed second. <i>A <b>plurality</b> of religions.</i>
<b>rabble</b>	A disorderly crowd of people. <i>The British feel no compunction about ushering the gentry into the coach and packing the <b>rabble</b> off to debtor s prison.</i>
<b>rally</b>	Drive in a rally. <i>A banned nationalist <b>rally</b>.</i>



<b>requiem</b>	A musical composition setting parts of a requiem Mass or of a similar character. <i>A <b>requiem</b> was held for the dead queen.</i>
<b>riot</b>	Take part in a riot disturb the public peace by engaging in a riot. <i>A <b>riot</b> of emotions raged through Fabia.</i>
<b>rout</b>	Cause to flee. <i><b>Rout</b> out the fighters from their caves.</i>
<b>threnody</b>	A song or hymn of mourning composed or performed as a memorial to a dead person. <i>A brooding <b>threnody</b> to urban desolation.</i>
<b>throng</b>	A large, densely packed crowd of people or animals. <i>Tourists <b>thronged</b> to the picturesque village.</i>
<b>wail</b>	Utter a wail. <i>She <b>wailed</b> with pain.</i>
<b>walkout</b>	The act of walking out (of a meeting or organization) as a sign of protest. <i>These decisions provoked a <b>walkout</b> by the Dutch delegate.</i>

