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When we want to express *permission*, *prohibition* (not allowing something), *obligation* or *no obligation*, we use <u>modal verbs</u>.

When talking about obligations (what you have to do), we use the modal verbs '*have to*' and '*must*'. There is a slight difference between the way they are used.

- She **must** stay in bed until her back is better.
- George **has to** go to New York on business.

Note: To express a mild obligation or <u>advice</u>, we can use 'should'.

- You *should* visit your grandma.

To express a recommendation or moral obligation, we can use 'ought to':

- You *ought to* drive carefully in bad weather.

Remember that modal verbs are always followed by a *base form of a verb* – an <u>infinitive</u> verb without *to*.

Must

The verb '**must**' expresses *stronger* and shows us that the obligation comes from the speaker. It isn't a law or a rule.

- I **must** stop smoking. (I really need to)
- I **must** call my dad tonight.
- You **must** come and visit us the next time you come here.

We form positive statements with 'must' like this:



subject + must + the verb

Singular	Plural
I must go	We must go
You must go	You must go
We/she/it must go	They must go

- I must call my sister this evening.
- All visitors **must go** to the reception first.

Have to

The verb '*have to*' expresses an obligation due to circumstances or outside factors (e.g. laws, agreements, other people's orders, etc.). It's a law or a rule and the speaker can't change it.

• I have to stop smoking. (doctor's orders)

We form positive statements with 'have to' like this:

subject + have/has to + the verb

Singular	Plural
I have to go	We have to go
You have to go	You have to go
He/she/it has to go	They have to go

- We have to wait here for a taxi.
- Mary has to start work at 8am.

Must vs Have to

Here's a summary of differences between 'must' and 'have to':

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Watch this video from Oxford Online English to learn how to use 'must', 'have to' and 'should' correctly:



Talking about obligation in the past

There is no past form of '*must*', so to talk about obligation in the past we use '*had to*'.

had to + base form of the verb

• I had to work late last night.

Talking about obligation in the future

There is no future form of '*must*' so we use '*have to*':

will have to + base form of the verb

• I will have to work late last night.

Read more on this topic:

Modal Verbs for Obligations: Negative and Questions

Modal Verbs for Suggestion and Advice

Modal Verbs for Necessity ('Need')