

Need another word that means the same as “mutiny”? Find 22 synonyms and 30 related words for “mutiny” in this overview.

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**The synonyms of “Mutiny” are: insurrection, rebellion, revolt, riot, revolution, uprising, rising, coup, coup d'état, putsch, protest, strike, rise up, rebel, take part in an insurrection, take part in an uprising, oppose authority, resist authority, defy authority, refuse to obey orders**

## Mutiny as a Noun

### Definitions of "Mutiny" as a noun

According to the [Oxford Dictionary of English](#), “mutiny” as a noun can have the following definitions:

- *Open rebellion against constituted authority (especially by seamen or soldiers against their officers).*
- *An open rebellion against the proper authorities, especially by soldiers or sailors against their officers.*



## Synonyms of "Mutiny" as a noun (12 Words)

### [coup](#)

A sudden, violent, and illegal seizure of power from a government.  
*It was a major **coup** to get such a prestigious contract.*

### **coup d'état**

A sudden and decisive change of government illegally or by force.

**insurrection** Organized opposition to authority; a conflict in which one faction tries to wrest control from another.

*The **insurrection** was savagely put down.*

### [protest](#)

The act of protesting a public often organized manifestation of dissent.  
*A **protest** march.*

### **putsch**

A violent attempt to overthrow a government; a coup.

### [rebellion](#)

Organized opposition to authority; a conflict in which one faction tries to wrest control from another.

*The Bretons rose in **rebellion** against the King.*

### [revolt](#)

A refusal to continue to obey or conform.  
*The peasants rose in **revolt**.*

**revolution** A single complete turn (axial or orbital).  
*When I grew up it was the Marxism that was very strong it was like the **revolution** was coming next week.*

**riot** A highly amusing or entertaining person or thing.  
***Riot** police.*

**rising** A movement upward.  
*The reforms led to peasant **risings**.*

**strike** A pitch that passes through the strike zone.  
*His 32nd minute **strike** helped the team to end a run of three defeats.*

**uprising** Organized opposition to authority; a conflict in which one faction tries to wrest control from another.  
*An armed **uprising**.*



## Usage Examples of "Mutiny" as a noun

- *The crew were on the verge of mutiny.*
- *A mutiny by those manning the weapons could trigger a global war.*





# Mutiny as a Verb

## Definitions of "Mutiny" as a verb

According to the [Oxford Dictionary of English](#), "mutiny" as a verb can have the following definitions:

- *Refuse to obey the orders of a person in authority.*
- *Engage in a mutiny against an authority.*



## Synonyms of "Mutiny" as a verb (10 Words)

**defy authority**

Resist or confront with resistance.

**oppose authority**

Contrast with equal weight or force.



**rebel**

Take part in a rebellion renounce a former allegiance.  
*As I came over the hill my legs **rebelled** I could walk no further.*

**refuse to obey orders**

Elude, especially in a baffling way.

**resist authority**

Refuse to comply.

**revolt**

Make revolution.

*Voters may **revolt** when they realize the cost of the measures.*

**riot**

Take part in a riot disturb the public peace by engaging in a riot.

*Students **rioted** in Paris.*

**rise up**

Rise up.

**take part in an insurrection** Occupy or take on.

**take part in an uprising** Receive willingly something given or offered.



## Usage Examples of "Mutiny" as a verb

- *Thousands of the soldiers mutinied over the non-payment of wages.*

## Associations of "Mutiny" (30 Words)

<a href="#"><u>armed</u></a>	Having arms or arms as specified; used especially in combination. <i>Heavily <b>armed</b> troops.</i>
<a href="#"><u>army</u></a>	The army of the United States of America the agency that organizes and trains soldiers for land warfare. <i><b>Army</b> officers.</i>
<a href="#"><u>besiege</u></a>	Surround so as to force to give up. <i>The king marched north to <b>besiege</b> Berwick.</i>
<a href="#"><u>civil</u></a>	Relating to civil law. <i><b>Civil</b> rights.</i>
<b>demonstration</b>	A visual presentation showing how something works. <i>Physical <b>demonstrations</b> of affection.</i>
<b>deserter</b>	A person who abandons their duty (as on a military post). <i><b>Deserters</b> from the army.</i>
<b>desertion</b>	The act of giving something up. <i>The number of <b>desertions</b> was rising.</i>
<b>disloyalty</b>	The quality of not being loyal to a person, country, or organization; unfaithfulness. <i>An accusation of <b>disloyalty</b> and betrayal.</i>
<a href="#"><u>disobedience</u></a>	The trait of being unwilling to obey. <i><b>Disobedience</b> to law is sometimes justified.</i>
<a href="#"><u>firebrand</u></a>	A person who is very passionate about a particular cause. <i>A political <b>firebrand</b>.</i>
<b>ingratitude</b>	A discreditable lack of gratitude. <i>He returned his daughter's care with <b>ingratitude</b> and unkindness.</i>
<b>instigator</b>	A person who brings about or initiates something. <i>She was the <b>instigator</b> of their quarrel.</i>
<a href="#"><u>insubordination</u></a>	Defiance of authority; refusal to obey orders. <i>He was dismissed for <b>insubordination</b>.</i>
<b>insurrection</b>	A violent uprising against an authority or government. <i>Opposition to the new regime led to armed <b>insurrection</b>.</i>

<b>junta</b>	A military or political group that rules a country after taking power by force. <i>The country's ruling military <b>junta</b>.</i>
<b><u>militant</u></b>	A militant person. <i><b>Militant</b> nations.</i>
<b>mutineer</b>	Someone who is openly rebellious and refuses to obey authorities (especially seamen or soldiers). <i>Those who resisted were denounced as <b>mutineers</b> and treated accordingly.</i>
<b><u>overthrow</u></b>	A score made because the ball has been overthrown. <i>He grips the ball too tight and <b>overthrows</b> it.</i>
<b><u>protest</u></b>	The act of protesting a public often organized manifestation of dissent. <i>The British team lodged an official <b>protest</b>.</i>
<b>quisling</b>	A traitor who collaborates with an enemy force occupying their country. <i>He had the <b>Quisling</b> owner of the factory arrested.</i>
<b><u>rebel</u></b>	A person who takes part in an armed rebellion against the constituted authority especially in the hope of improving conditions. <i>Tory <b>rebels</b>.</i>
<b><u>rebellion</u></b>	Refusal to accept some authority or code or convention. <i>Each generation must have its own <b>rebellion</b>.</i>
<b><u>revolt</u></b>	Cause aversion in; offend the moral sense of. <i>A <b>revolt</b> over tax increases.</i>
<b>revolution</b>	The overthrow of a government by those who are governed. <i>One <b>revolution</b> a second.</i>
<b><u>riot</u></b>	Take part in a riot disturb the public peace by engaging in a riot. <i>He was convicted on charges of <b>riot</b> and assault.</i>
<b>rising</b>	Approaching (a specified age). <i>The Warsaw <b>rising</b> of 1944.</i>
<b><u>treachery</u></b>	Betrayal of a trust. <i>Many died because of his <b>treachery</b>.</i>
<b><u>treason</u></b>	The crime of murdering someone to whom the murderer owed allegiance, such as a master or husband. <i>Doubt is the ultimate <b>treason</b> against faith.</i>
<b>uphill</b>	Upward on a hill or incline. <i>An <b>uphill</b> struggle to gain worldwide recognition.</i>
<b><u>uprising</u></b>	Organized opposition to authority; a conflict in which one faction tries to wrest control from another. <i>An armed <b>uprising</b>.</i>