

Need another word that means the same as “nation”? Find 24 synonyms and 30 related words for “nation” in this overview.

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**The synonyms of “Nation” are: body politic, commonwealth, country, land, res publica, state, carry amelia moore nation, carry nation, sovereign state, nation state, kingdom, empire, republic, confederation, federation, power, superpower, polity, domain, ethnic group, ethnic minority, tribe, clan, race**

## Nation as a Noun

### Definitions of "Nation" as a noun

According to the [Oxford Dictionary of English](#), “nation” as a noun can have the following definitions:

- *United States prohibitionist who raided saloons and destroyed bottles of liquor with a hatchet (1846-1911).*
- *The people who live in a nation or country.*
- *A North American Indian people or confederation of peoples.*
- *A federation of tribes (especially Native American tribes).*
- *A politically organized body of people under a single government.*
- *A large body of people united by common descent, history, culture, or language, inhabiting a particular country or territory.*



## Synonyms of "Nation" as a noun (24 Words)

<b>body politic</b>	The entire structure of an organism (an animal, plant, or human being).
<b>carry amelia moore nation</b>	The act of carrying something.
<b>carry nation</b>	The act of carrying something.
<a href="#"><u>clan</u></a>	A close-knit group of interrelated families, especially in the Scottish Highlands. <i>New York s garrulous <b>clan</b> of artists.</i>
<b>commonwealth</b>	A political system in which the supreme power lies in a body of citizens who can elect people to represent them. <i>The Christian <b>commonwealth</b>.</i>
<a href="#"><u>confederation</u></a>	The act of forming an alliance or confederation. <i>Canada became a <b>confederation</b> in 1867.</i>
<a href="#"><u>country</u></a>	The people who live in a nation or country. <i>A tract of wild <b>country</b>.</i>
<b>domain</b>	A specified sphere of activity or knowledge. <i>His <b>domain</b> extended into Europe.</i>

## empire

An extensive sphere of activity controlled by one person or group.  
*Each ministry each department had its own **empire** its own agenda and worked to protect its turf.*

## ethnic group

A person who is a member of an ethnic group.

## ethnic minority

A person who is a member of an ethnic group.

## federation

An organization or group within which smaller divisions have some degree of internal autonomy.

*A first step in the **federation** of Europe.*

## kingdom

The highest taxonomic group into which organisms are grouped; one of five biological categories: Monera or Protocista or Plantae or Fungi or Animalia.

*The **kingdom** of dreams.*

## land

Extensive landed property especially in the country retained by the owner for his own use.

*Many people are leaving the **land** and going to work in the city.*

## nation state

A politically organized body of people under a single government.

## polity

An organized society; a state as a political entity.

*The civic humanist s **polity**.*

## power

Holding an office means being in power.

*Gay **power**.*

## race

A series of races for horses or dogs held at a fixed time on a set course.

*The **race** for the presidency.*

## republic

A political system in which the supreme power lies in a body of citizens who can elect people to represent them.

*The head of state in a **republic** is usually a president.*

## res publica

A politically organized body of people under a single government.

## sovereign state

A nation's ruler or head of state usually by hereditary right.

## state

The group of people comprising the government of a sovereign state.

*The **state** of the company s finances.*

## superpower

A very powerful and influential nation (used especially with reference to the US and the former Soviet Union when these were perceived as the two most powerful nations in the world.

*The threat to oil supplies brought the two **superpowers** closer together.*

**tribe**

A social division of (usually preliterate) people.

*She made a stand against the social codes of her English middle class **tribe**.*



**Usage Examples of "Nation" as a noun**

- *The Shawnee nation.*
- *The world's leading industrialized nations.*
- *A statement that sums up the nation's mood.*
- *Students who had come to the nation's capitol.*
- *The news was announced to the nation.*
- *African nations.*



## Associations of "Nation" (30 Words)

### ambassador

An accredited diplomat sent by a state as its permanent representative in a foreign country.

*The French **ambassador** to Portugal.*

### **consul**

A diplomat appointed by a government to protect its commercial interests and help its citizens in a foreign country.

*The British **consul** in Israel.*

### country

The people who live in a nation or country.

*The airfield is right out in the **country**.*

### **diplomat**

A person who can deal with others in a sensitive and tactful way.

### **diplomatic**

Relating to or characteristic of diplomacy.

***Diplomatic** relations with Britain were broken.*

### dynasty

A line of hereditary rulers of a country.

*The Tang **dynasty**.*

<b>embassy</b>	The staff working in an embassy. <i>Worsley failed to be selected to join the <b>embassy</b> to Sweden.</i>
<u><b>emperor</b></u>	Large richly colored butterfly. <i>He is regarded as one of the greatest Roman <b>emperors</b>.</i>
<u><b>envoy</b></u>	A minister plenipotentiary, ranking below ambassador and above chargé d'affaires. <i>The UN special <b>envoy</b> to Yugoslavia.</i>
<u><b>foreign</b></u>	Strange and unfamiliar. <i>A man with a <b>foreign</b> accent.</i>
<b>govern</b>	Bring into conformity with rules or principles or usage; impose regulations. <i>He was incapable of <b>governing</b> the country.</i>
<u><b>imperial</b></u>	A piece of luggage carried on top of a coach. <i>Golden age of <b>imperial</b> splendor.</i>
<b>jingoism</b>	An appeal intended to arouse patriotic emotions. <i>The popular <b>jingoism</b> that swept the lower middle classes.</i>
<u><b>kingdom</b></u>	Each of the three traditional divisions (animal, vegetable, and mineral) in which natural objects have conventionally been classified. <i>The untroubled <b>kingdom</b> of reason.</i>
<b>liege</b>	A vassal or subject. <i>A <b>liege</b> subject.</i>
<u><b>lord</b></u>	Make a lord of someone. <i>When we were at school you used to <b>lord</b> it over us.</i>
<b>nationalism</b>	Advocacy of or support for the political independence of a particular nation or people. <i>British <b>nationalism</b> was in the air and patriotic sentiments ran high.</i>
<b>nationalist</b>	Relating to nationalists or nationalism. <i>A Basque <b>nationalist</b>.</i>
<b>nobleman</b>	A man who belongs by rank, title, or birth to the aristocracy; a peer.
<b>patrician</b>	A person of refined upbringing and manners. <i>A proud <b>patrician</b> face.</i>
<u><b>patriot</b></u>	A person who vigorously supports their country and is prepared to defend it against enemies or detractors. <i>A true <b>patriot</b>.</i>
<b>patriotic</b>	Having or expressing devotion to and vigorous support for one's country. <i>Today's game will be played before a fiercely <b>patriotic</b> crowd.</i>

<b><u>patriotism</u></b>	The quality of being patriotic; devotion to and vigorous support for one's country. <i>A highly decorated officer of unquestionable integrity and <b>patriotism</b>.</i> (of power) absolute.
<b>plenipotentiary</b>	<i>He went armed with <b>plenipotentiary</b> powers to take whatever measures he felt necessary.</i>
<b><u>politics</u></b>	The activities associated with the governance of a country or area, especially the debate between parties having power. <i>Government agencies multiplied beyond the control of representative <b>politics</b>.</i>
<b>principality</b>	A state ruled by a prince.
<b>regal</b>	Belonging to or befitting a supreme ruler. <i>Her <b>regal</b> bearing.</i>
<b>regency</b>	The particular period of a regency especially in Britain from 1811 to 1820 and in France from 1715 to 1723. <i>The boy being a minor there would have to be a <b>regency</b>.</i>
<b><u>royal</u></b>	A sail set next above the topgallant on a royal mast. <i>Contributors included members of the <b>royal</b> family.</i>
<b>statesman</b>	A man who is a respected leader in national or international affairs. <i>Guests included members of the European royal families, diplomats, and statesmen.</i>

