

Need another word that means the same as “parse”? Find 12 synonyms and 30 related words for “parse” in this overview.

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**The synonyms of “Parse” are: interpret, understand, read, see, take, take to mean, render, analyse, explain, elucidate, gloss, decode**

## Parse as a Verb

### Definitions of "Parse" as a verb

According to the [Oxford Dictionary of English](#), “parse” as a verb can have the following definitions:

- *Analyze syntactically by assigning a constituent structure to (a sentence).*
- *Resolve (a sentence) into its component parts and describe their syntactic roles.*
- *Analyse (a string or text) into logical syntactic components.*



## Synonyms of "Parse" as a verb (12 Words)

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>analyse</b>      | Psychoanalyse someone.<br><i>We need to <b>analyse</b> our results more clearly.</i>  |
| <b>decode</b>       | Convert (a coded message) into intelligible language.<br><i>Processors used to <b>decode</b> CD quality digital audio signals.</i>              |
| <b>elucidate</b>    | Make free from confusion or ambiguity; make clear.<br><i>In what follows I shall try to <b>elucidate</b> what I believe the problems to be.</i> |
| <b>explain</b>      | Be the cause of or motivating factor for.<br><i>They <b>explained</b> that their lives centred on the religious rituals.</i>                    |
| <b>gloss</b>        | Give a shine or gloss to usually by rubbing.<br><i>The singer <b>glossed</b> her lips a deep red.</i>   |
| <b>interpret</b>    | Give an interpretation or explanation to.<br><i>I agreed to <b>interpret</b> for Jean Claude.</i>   |
| <b>read</b>         | Habitually read a particular newspaper or periodical.<br><i>For madam <b>read</b> madman.</i>   |
| <b>render</b>       | Give up surrender.<br><i>They had to <b>render</b> the estate.</i>  |
| <b>see</b>          | Go to see a place as for entertainment.<br><i>Elements are usually classified as metals or non metals <b>see</b> chapter 11.</i>                |
| <b>take</b>         | Take on a certain form attribute or aspect.<br><i>Some people found her hard to <b>take</b>.</i>  |
| <b>take to mean</b> | Take by force.  |
| <b>understand</b>   | Be understanding of.<br><i>I <b>understand</b> how you feel.</i>  |

## Usage Examples of "Parse" as a verb

- *I asked a couple of students to parse these sentences for me.*
- *A user question input is parsed into an internal conceptual representation.*

## Associations of "Parse" (30 Words)

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>alliterate</b> | (of a phrase or line of verse) contain words which begin with the same sound or letter.<br><i>His first and last names <b>alliterated</b>.</i> |
|-------------------|--|

|                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <b>alphabet</b>             | A character set that includes letters and is used to write a language.<br><i>A phonetic <b>alphabet</b>.</i>   |
| <b>analyze</b>              | Break down into components or essential features.<br><i><b>Analyze</b> a sentence.</i>   |
| <b>antonym</b>              | A word that expresses a meaning opposed to the meaning of another word in which case the two words are antonyms of each other.<br><i>To him the <b>antonym</b> of gay was depressed.</i>   |
| <b>apostrophe</b>           | The mark (') used to indicate the omission of one or more letters from a printed word.   |
| <b>bewitchment</b>          | A magical spell.   |
| <b>collocation</b>          | A pair or group of words that are habitually juxtaposed.<br><i>The words have a similar range of <b>collocation</b>.</i>   |
| <b>correction</b>           | Punishment, especially that of criminals in prison intended to rectify their behaviour.<br><i>The incompatibility of justice and <b>correction</b> as penal objectives has long been the major unsolved problem of penal practice.</i> |
| <b>grammar</b>              | A book on grammar.<br><i>Chomskyan <b>grammar</b>.</i>   |
| <b>grammarian</b>           | A linguist who specializes in the study of grammar and syntax.   |
| <b>homonym</b>              | Two words are homonyms if they are pronounced or spelled the same way but have different meanings.   |
| <b><u>indent</u></b>        | A space left by indenting text.<br><i>We were <b>indenting</b> for paper clips one by one in those days.</i>   |
| <b>indentation</b>          | A deep recess or notch on the edge or surface of something.<br><i>Coastal <b>indentations</b>.</i>   |
| <b><u>juxtaposition</u></b> | A side-by-side position.<br><i>The <b>juxtaposition</b> of these two images.</i>   |
| <b>litotes</b>              | Understatement for rhetorical effect (especially when expressing an affirmative by negating its contrary).<br><i>Saying I was not a little upset when you mean I was very upset is an example of <b>litotes</b>.</i>                   |
| <b><u>morphology</u></b>    | A particular form, shape, or structure.<br><i>Grammar is organized along two main dimensions <b>morphology</b> and syntax.</i>   |
| <b>orthography</b>          | The study of spelling and how letters combine to represent sounds and form words.<br><i>A spoken language which has as yet no sanctioned <b>orthography</b>.</i>   |

|                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| <b>paragraph</b>       | Divide into paragraphs as of text.<br><i>All her friends were <b>paragraphed</b> in last Monday s paper.</i>   |
| <b>phrase</b>          | Divide combine or mark into phrases.<br><i>They <b>phrased</b> the music with gusto.</i>   |
| <b>punctuation</b>     | The marks, such as full stop, comma, and brackets, used in writing to separate sentences and their elements and to clarify meaning.<br><i>Satisfactory standards of handwriting spelling grammar and <b>punctuation</b>.</i> |
| <b>quotation</b>       | A registration granted to a company enabling their shares to be officially listed and traded.<br><i>A <b>quotation</b> from Mark Twain.</i>  |
| <b><u>rhetoric</u></b> | Language designed to have a persuasive or impressive effect, but which is often regarded as lacking in sincerity or meaningful content.<br><i>Mere <b>rhetoric</b>.</i>  |
| <b>sentence</b>        | Pronounce a sentence on somebody in a court of law.<br><i>He always spoke in grammatical <b>sentences</b>.</i>   |
| <b><u>spelling</u></b> | The way a word is spelled.<br><i>Her <b>spelling</b> was deplorable.</i>   |
| <b><u>syntax</u></b>   | The branch of linguistics that deals with syntax.<br><i>Generative <b>syntax</b>.</i>  |
| <b>typo</b>            | A typographical error.   |
| <b>typographic</b>     | Relating to or occurring or used in typography.<br><i>The <b>typographic</b> art.</i>  |
| <b>ungrammatical</b>   | Not conforming to grammatical rules.<br><i><b>Ungrammatical</b> sentences.</i>   |
| <b>vocabulary</b>      | The words used in a particular subject or sphere of activity or on a particular occasion.<br><i>The term became part of business <b>vocabulary</b>.</i>  |
| <b>word</b>            | The divine word of God the second person in the Trinity incarnate in Jesus.<br><i>He hardly said ten <b>words</b> all morning.</i>   |