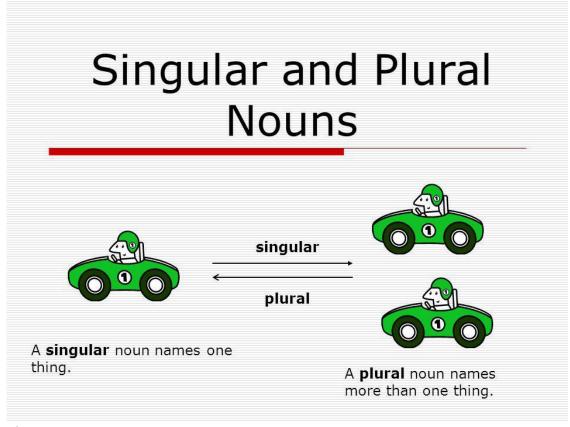


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Nouns can be singular and plural. When a <u>noun</u> indicates one person, animal, place, thing, or idea, it is a **singular** noun. When a noun indicates more than one, it is **plural**.



via

https://www.tes.com/teaching-resource/basic-literacy-ks3-eal-plural-and-singular-nouns-113 94167

Some English nouns (countable nouns) have singular (street, book, dog) or plural (streets, books, dogs) forms.

Uncountable nouns don't have plural forms.

- money
- water



- music
- information

How to from plural

Most singular nouns form the plural by adding **-s**.

- One book \rightarrow Polly has two **books**.
- One pencil \rightarrow The teacher gave me three **pencils**.
- A cat \rightarrow We saw two **cats** outside the house.
- A question \rightarrow Do you have any **questions**?

But there are also some specific spelling rules for plurals.

- 1. For nouns ending in '-s', '-ss', '-sh', '-ch', '-x' and '-z', add '-es':
 - A bus \rightarrow All the **buses** stop here.
 - A glass \rightarrow I had two **glasses** of wine last night.
 - A brush \rightarrow I prefer soft **brushes** for my hair.
 - A peach \rightarrow Sandy bought fresh **peaches** at the market.
 - A box \rightarrow There were **boxes** with presents under the Christmas tree.
 - A quiz \rightarrow I like taking fun **quizzes***.

Note: When a word ends in a singular 'z', the 'z' is doubled and '-es' is added.

- 2. For nouns ending in a consonant + '-y', change the '-y' to '-ies':
 - A city \rightarrow I visited many **cities**.
 - A story \rightarrow My grandmother knows many interesting **stories**.
 - A country → How many **countries** are there in the world?
 - A family \rightarrow Ten **families** moved into new houses last month.
- 3. For nouns ending in '-y' and the letter before the '- \mathbf{y} ' is a *vowel*, simply add an '- \mathbf{s} ' to make it plural:
 - A ray \rightarrow **X-rays** can be used in many ways.
 - A boy → How many **boys** are there in your class?
- 4. For most nouns ending in '-o', add '-s' (kilos, photos, radios, etc). But there are several



common nouns that need '-es' instead:

- Potato \rightarrow Jane bought two **kilos** of potatoes at the market.
- Tomato → **Tomatoes** are good in any salad.
- Hero \rightarrow Batman and Superman are my two favorite **superheroes**.
- Echo → Loud **echoes** could be heard in the woods.
- 5. For nouns ending in '-f' or '-fe', change '-f / -fe' to '-ves':
 - A leaf \rightarrow Many trees lose their **leaves** in Autumn.
 - A wife \rightarrow In some countries a man can have several **wives**.
 - A knife \rightarrow A good chef always takes care of his **knives**.
- 6. If the singular noun ends in '**-us**', the plural ending is frequently '**-i**':
 - *Cactus* → *There are many cacti* in the desert.
 - Focus → Optical elements have two **foci**.
- 7. If the singular noun ends in '**-is**', the plural ending is '**-es**':
 - Analysis \rightarrow The laboratory performs many different **analyses**.
 - Basis \rightarrow The theory has a variety of **bases**.
 - Axis \rightarrow The structure has three **axes**.
- 8. If the singular noun ends in '**-on**', the plural ending is '**-a**':
 - Phenomenon \rightarrow A variety of interesting **phenomena** is being discussed.
 - Criterion → There are five **criteria** to consider.
- 9. Some nouns have a fixed plural form and take a plural verb. They are not used in the singular, or they have a different meaning in the singular:
 - trousers, jeans, glasses, savings, thanks, steps, stairs, customs, congratulations, tropics, wages, spectacles, outskirts, goods, wits.
 - Where are my blue trousers?
 - These new **glasses** look great on you!
- 10. Some nouns have **the same** form in the singular and the plural:
 - Sheep \rightarrow The **sheep** ignore/ignores the dogs.



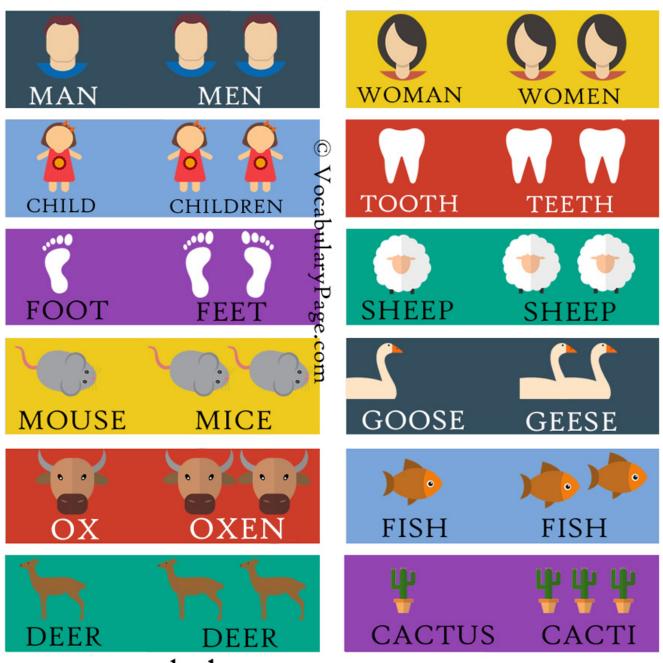
• Fish → There are many **fish** in the sea. (However, if different types of fish are meant, use 'fishes'.)

Irregular plural nouns

Some nouns in English have **irregular** plural forms. Irregular nouns follow no specific rules, so it's best to memorize them or look them up in the dictionary. The most common are:



IRREGULAR PLURALS



www.vocabularypage.com

via http://www.vocabularypage.com/2017/08/12-irregular-plural-nouns.html

Watch this video from Shaw English Online to see how plural nouns are formed:



See also:

Subject and Predicate Agreement

Abstract and Concrete Nouns

Countable and Uncountable Nouns