

Need another word that means the same as “republic”? Find 2 synonyms and 30 related words for “republic” in this overview.

Table Of Contents:

- [Republic as a Noun](#)
- [Definitions of "Republic" as a noun](#)
- [Synonyms of "Republic" as a noun \(2 Words\)](#)
- [Usage Examples of "Republic" as a noun](#)
- [Associations of "Republic" \(30 Words\)](#)

**The synonyms of “Republic” are: commonwealth, democracy**

## Republic as a Noun

### Definitions of "Republic" as a noun

According to the [Oxford Dictionary of English](#), “republic” as a noun can have the following definitions:

- *A group with a certain equality between its members.*
- *A political system in which the supreme power lies in a body of citizens who can elect people to represent them.*
- *A form of government whose head of state is not a monarch.*
- *A state in which supreme power is held by the people and their elected representatives, and which has an elected or nominated president rather than a monarch.*



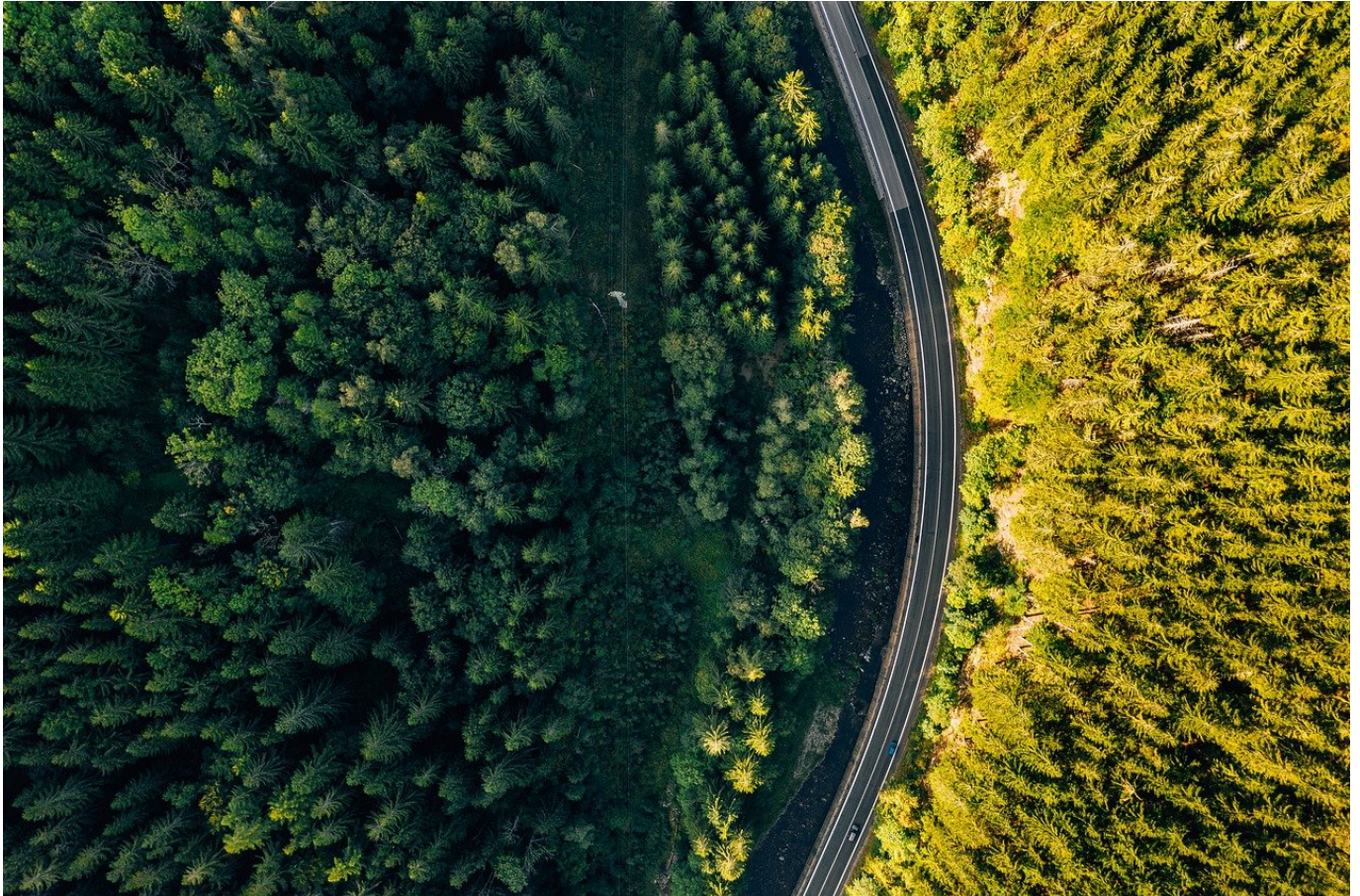
## Synonyms of "Republic" as a noun (2 Words)

- commonwealth** A self-governing unit voluntarily grouped with the US, such as Puerto Rico.  
*The **commonwealth** of letters.*
- democracy** A state governed under a system of democracy.  
*A multiparty **democracy**.*



## Usage Examples of "Republic" as a noun

- *The head of state in a republic is usually a president.*
- *The community of scholars and the republic of learning.*



## Associations of "Republic" (30 Words)

- autonomous** Not controlled by outside forces.  
*An **autonomous** judiciary.*
- autonomy** The right or condition of self-government.  
*Between the First and Second World Wars Canada gained greater **autonomy** from Britain.*
- communism** A theory or system of social organization in which all property is owned by the community and each person contributes and receives according to their ability and needs.

<b><u>constitutional</u></b>	Constitutional in the structure of something especially your physical makeup. <i>She went out for a <b>constitutional</b>.</i>
<b>democracy</b>	A state governed under a system of democracy. <i>The intended extension of industrial <b>democracy</b>.</i>
<b>democratic</b>	Characterized by or advocating or based upon the principles of democracy or social equality. <i>Cycling is a very <b>democratic</b> activity which can be enjoyed by anyone.</i>
<b>fascism</b>	An authoritarian and nationalistic right-wing system of government and social organization. <i>This is yet another example of health <b>fascism</b> in action.</i>
<b>fascist</b>	An adherent of fascism or other authoritarian views. <i>I m a bit of a spelling <b>fascist</b> but still have blind spots over words like privilege or separate.</i>
<b>federal</b>	Any federal law enforcement officer. <i>A <b>federal</b> Europe.</i>
<b>govern</b>	Conduct the policy, actions, and affairs of (a state, organization, or people) with authority. <i>His belief in God <b>governs</b> his conduct.</i>
<b><u>kingdom</u></b>	A realm associated with or regarded as being under the control of a particular person or thing. <i>The <b>kingdom</b> of dreams.</i>
<b>lawmaker</b>	A legislator. <i>The game s official <b>lawmakers</b> are preparing the new legislation.</i>
<b>legislator</b>	A person who makes laws; a member of a legislative body. <i>24 incumbent <b>legislators</b> lost their seats.</i>
<b><u>liberal</u></b>	Relating to or denoting a political and social philosophy that promotes individual rights, civil liberties, democracy, and free enterprise. <i>They could have given the 1968 Act a more <b>liberal</b> interpretation.</i>
<b><u>liberty</u></b>	The personification of liberty as a female figure. <i>How did he know what she was thinking it was a <b>liberty</b>.</i>
<b>monarchy</b>	A state that has a monarch. <i>The <b>monarchy</b> is the focus of loyalty and service.</i>
<b>municipality</b>	The governing body of a municipality. <i>Voters in each <b>municipality</b> choose between four candidates.</i>
<b>nationalist</b>	Relating to nationalists or nationalism. <i>He was a staunch <b>nationalist</b> during his 22 years in power.</i>

<b>parliamentary</b>	Having the supreme legislative power resting with a body of cabinet ministers chosen from and responsible to the legislature or parliament. <i>Parliamentary law.</i>
<b>plutocracy</b>	An elite or ruling class whose power derives from their wealth. <i>Officials were drawn from the new <b>plutocracy</b>.</i>
<b>prefecture</b>	The district administered by a prefect (as in France or Japan or the Roman Empire). <i>Enraged fans besieged the <b>Prefecture</b> of Police.</i>
<b>principality</b>	(in traditional Christian angelology) the fifth-highest order of the ninefold celestial hierarchy.
<b><u>province</u></b>	Northern Ireland. <i>She knew little about wine that had been her father s <b>province</b>.</i>
<b>reformist</b>	A person who advocates gradual reform rather than abolition or revolution. <i>The <b>reformist</b> policies of the government.</i>
<b>regal</b>	Of, resembling, or fit for a monarch, especially in being magnificent or dignified. <i>Her <b>regal</b> bearing.</i>
<b><u>ruler</u></b>	A straight strip or cylinder of plastic, wood, metal, or other rigid material, typically marked at regular intervals and used to draw straight lines or measure distances.
<b>separatist</b>	Relating to separatists or separatism. <i>A <b>separatist</b> rebellion.</i>
<b>socialism</b>	Policy or practice based on the political and economic theory of socialism.
<b><u>suffrage</u></b>	A series of petitions pronounced by the priest with the responses of the congregation. <i>Universal adult <b>suffrage</b>.</i>
<b>totalitarianism</b>	The principle of complete and unrestricted power in government. <i>Democratic countries were fighting against <b>totalitarianism</b>.</i>

