

Table Of Contents:

- How to form superlative adjectives
- Short adjectives
- Long adjectives
- Irregular adjectives
- How to use superlative adjectives

Adjectives can have **superlative** forms. They are used in sentences where a subject is compared to a group of objects. Superlative adjectives are used to describe an object which is at the upper or lower limit of a quality (the tallest, the smallest, the fastest, the highest).



via

https://learningwithdianacom.wordpress.com/comparativo-de-superioridad-e-inferioridad/

In this example, 'the smallest' is the superlative form of the adjective 'small'.

We usually use '**the**' before superlative adjective forms:

- Michael is **the tallest** player on our team.
- Of all her friends, Emily is **the nicest**.
- This is **the best** restaurant in town. Their pizzas are the biggest and the most delicious.

How to form superlative adjectives

As with <u>comparative</u> adjectives, there are two ways to form a **superlative adjective**:

short adjectives: add "-est"long adjectives: use "most"



Short adjectives

To make superlative forms of most one- and two-syllable adjectives, add '-est' to them:

- Fast \rightarrow The cheetah is **the fastest** animal in the world.
- $Old \rightarrow John$ is **the oldest** son in his family.
- Low \rightarrow This is **the lowest** point of the valley.
- 1. If the adjective ends in 'e', just add '-st':
 - Large \rightarrow My house is **the largest** one in our neighborhood.
 - Fast \rightarrow Your dog ran **the fastest** of any dog in the race.
- 2. If an adjective ends in one vowel and one consonant, double the consonant before '-est':
 - $Big \rightarrow Whales are$ **the biggest**mammals.
 - Hot → This has been **the hottest** day of the summer.
- 3. For two-syllable adjectives ending in '-y', remove the '-y' and add '-**iest**':
 - Happy \rightarrow It's my birthday, and I'm **the happiest** person in the world.
 - Early → When does **the earliest** train from London arrive?

Long adjectives

To make superlative forms of long adjectives (three syllables and more), use '**the most**' + adjective:

- This is **the most beautiful** sunset I've ever seen.
- Sport cars are the most expensive vehicles.

Irregular adjectives

Some common short adjectives have irregular forms:

- Good → better → This is **the best** movie I've ever seen.
- Bad \rightarrow worse \rightarrow **The worst** things always happen unexpectedly.
- $Far \rightarrow further \rightarrow Tom\ dreams\ about\ visiting\ the\ furthest\ corners\ of\ the\ Earth.$



How to use superlative adjectives

We use a superlative adjective to describe one thing in a group of three or more things.

- Mount Everest is **the highest** mountain in the world.
- 1. The opposite of 'most' is 'least'. Use 'least' before long adjectives:
 - This region is **the least comfortable** for leaving.
 - The first two chapters were **the least interesting** in the whole book.
- 2. To show that the superlative adjective belongs to a group of similar things, use 'one of':
 - Shanghai is **one of the biggest** cities in the world.
 - The Miniature Pinscher is **one of the smallest** dogs.
- 3. We can use superlative adjectives without a noun:
 - These flowers are not very expensive, but they are the most beautiful.
 - You wouldn't find any other prices, these are **the lowest**.
- 4. When we compare one thing with itself, we do not use 'the':
 - England is **coldest** in winter. (not the coldest)

See also:

Adjectives: Comparative Structures

Superlative Adverbs