

Need another word that means the same as "theories"? Find 2 synonyms and 30 related words for "theories" in this overview.

Table Of Contents:

- Theories as a Noun
- Definitions of "Theories" as a noun
- Synonyms of "Theories" as a noun (2 Words)
- <u>Usage Examples of "Theories" as a noun</u>
- Associations of "Theories" (30 Words)

The synonyms of "Theories" are: hypothesis, possibility

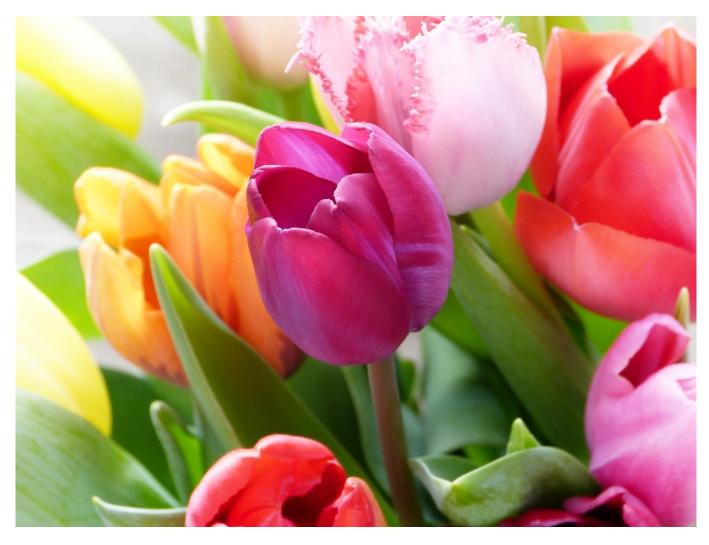
Theories as a Noun

Definitions of "Theories" as a noun

According to the <u>Oxford Dictionary of English</u>, "theories" as a noun can have the following definitions:

- A tentative insight into the natural world; a concept that is not yet verified but that if true would explain certain facts or phenomena.
- A belief that can guide behavior.
- A well-substantiated explanation of some aspect of the natural world; an organized system of accepted knowledge that applies in a variety of circumstances to explain a specific set of phenomena.





Synonyms of "Theories" as a noun (2 Words)

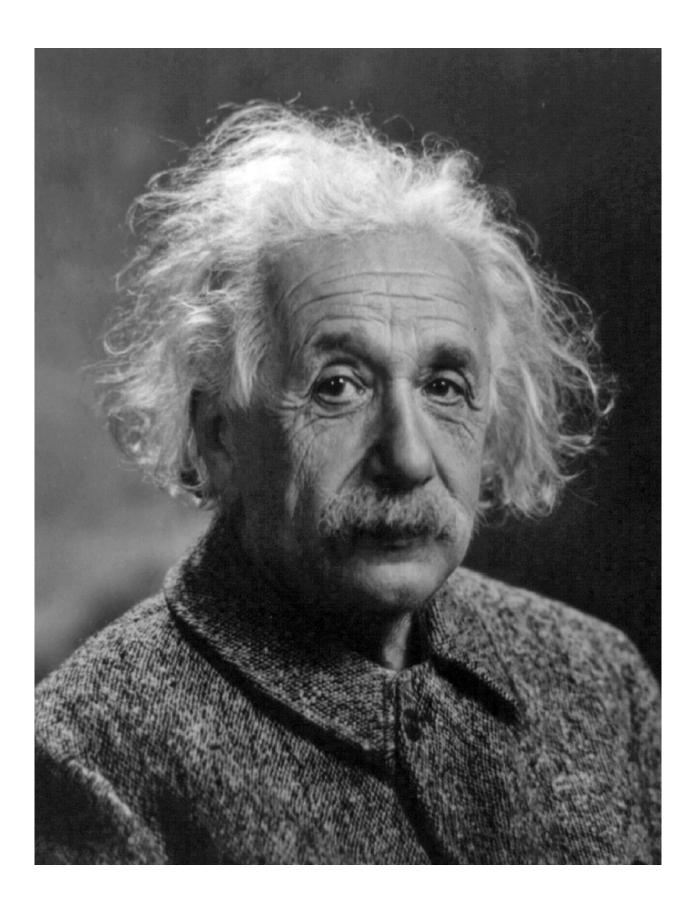
A proposal intended to explain certain facts or observations.

hypothesis A scientific **hypothesis** that survives experimental testing becomes a scientific theory.

A tentative insight into the natural world; a concept that is not yet verified but **possibility** that if true would explain certain facts or phenomena.

There was the **possibility** that he might be turned down.



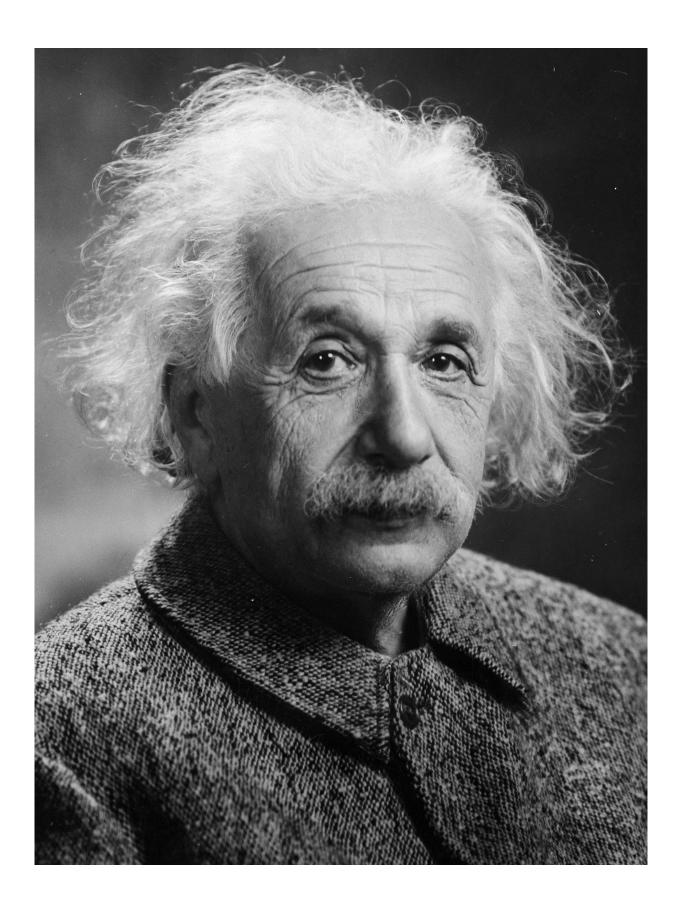




Usage Examples of "Theories" as a noun

- True in fact and theory.
- A scientific hypothesis that survives experimental testing becomes a scientific theory.
- They killed him on the theory that dead men tell no tales.
- The architect has a theory that more is less.
- He proposed a fresh theory of alkalis that later was accepted in chemical practices.







Associations of "Theories" (30 Words)

A branch of mathematics involving calculus and the theory of limits;

sequences and series and integration and differentiation.

other schools of **analysis** have evolved out of the original disciplines

established by Freud.

(of a language, e.g. Chinese and English) tending not to alter the form

analytic of its words but to use word order to express grammatical structure.

Analytic statics.

Using or skilled in using analysis (i.e., separating a whole-intellectual

analytical or substantial-into its elemental parts or basic principles.

A suave **analytical** type who missed his calling as a lawyer.

An unproven mathematical or scientific theorem.

Many conjectured that the jury could not agree.

deducible Capable of being deduced.

deductive Involving inferences from general principles.

Deductive reasoning.

empiricism The doctrine that knowledge derives from experience.

The theory of knowledge, especially with regard to its methods,

epistemology validity, and scope, and the distinction between justified belief and

opinion.

Gain knowledge of (an area not known or experienced) by

extrapolate extrapolating.

It is always dangerous to **extrapolate** from a sample.

The extension of a graph, curve, or range of values by inferring

extrapolation unknown values from trends in the known data.

Sizes were estimated by **extrapolation**.

Speak or write in generalities.

It is not easy to **generalize** about the poor.

A proposition made as a basis for reasoning, without any assumption

hypothesis of its truth.

generalize

The **hypothesis** that every event has a cause.

hypothesize Put (something) forward as a hypothesis.

He **hypothesize**d that the black market would naturally die out.

inductive Inducing or influencing; leading on- John Milton.

Instinct rather than **inductive** reasoning marked her approach to life.



infer Guess correctly; solve by guessing.

From these facts we can **infer** that crime has been increasing.

The process of inferring something.

inference It seemed a fair **inference** that such books would be grouped

together.

linguisticRelating to language or linguistics.

A child s **linguistic** ability.

logic Logical operations collectively.

Aristotelian logic.

Marked by an orderly logical and aesthetically consistent relation of

logical parts.

The information is displayed in a simple and **logical** fashion.

philology Literary or classical scholarship.

The proposition arrived at by logical reasoning (such as the

ratiocination proposition that must follow from the major and minor premises of a

syllogism.

Endowed with the capacity to reason.

reasoning He explained the **reasoning** behind his decision at a media

conference.

The branch of linguistics and logic concerned with meaning The two main areas are logical semantics concerned with matters such as sense and reference and presupposition and implication and lexical

semantics semantics concerned with the analysis of word meanings and

relations between them.

Such quibbling over **semantics** may seem petty stuff.

Invest in stocks, property, or other ventures in the hope of gain but

with the risk of loss.

speculate
Observers speculated that the authorities wished to improve their

image.

speculation An investment that is very risky but could yield great profits.

These are only **speculation**s.

suppositionA hypothesis that is taken for granted.

They were working on the supposition that his

They were working on the **supposition** that his death was murder.

Deductive reasoning in which a conclusion is derived from two

premises.

syllogism

This school of epistemology is highly advanced in syllogism and

logical reasoning.



teleology

transcendentalism

synthetic All man are arreagnt in a synthetic proposition.

All men are arrogant is a **synthetic** proposition.

The explanation of phenomena in terms of the purpose they serve

rather than of the cause by which they arise.

No theory of history can do without **teleology**.

A system developed by Immanuel Kant, based on the idea that, in order to understand the nature of reality, one must first examine and

analyse the reasoning process which governs the nature of

experience.

