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**Possessive pronouns**, like <u>possessive adjectives</u>, show that something belongs to someone. A possessive pronoun replaces the 'possessive adjective + noun phrase':



via

https://www.quora.com/What-is-difference-between-possessive-pronouns-and-possessive-adj ectives

Possessive pronouns are put immediately **after the verb**.

- This is **my** pencil → This pencil is **mine**.
- That is **her** dress  $\rightarrow$  That white dress is **hers**.
- Our houses are on the hill.
- Two houses on the hill are **ours**.

## How to form possessive pronouns

Possessive pronouns are formed like this:



Personal Pronouns	Possessive Adjectives	Possessive Pronouns
I	my	mine
You	your	yours
He	his	his
She	her	hers
Ιt	its	i†s
We	our	ours
You	your	yours
They	their	theirs

via http://lfdzeclass.blogspot.com/p/possessive-adjective-and-possessive.html

- This black coat is mine.
- The rest of the cake is **yours**.
- The car in the yard is **his**.
- All these beautiful gowns are **hers**.
- That cat on the tree is not **ours**.
- Guys, are these bags yours?
- Children said, the toys on the floor were not **theirs**.

## How to use possessive pronouns

- 1. Use a possessive pronoun, when something is *obvious:* 
  - *I think this phone is hers.* (We don't need to repeat 'phone'. It's obvious we are speaking about a phone.)



- 2. Use a possessive pronoun to avoid repetition:
  - *Is that your scarf? It's very similar to mine*. (To avoid repetition of 'scarf', we use 'mine' instead of 'my scarf'.)
- 3. Use a possessive pronoun in place of a noun (never before a noun):
  - That's not their house. **Theirs** has got a red front door. (We use 'theirs' in place of 'their house.)

Watch this video from Crown Academy of English with many examples and explanation of how to use possessive pronouns:

See also:

Nouns: Possession with 's

Possession: Adjectives, Pronouns, Apostrophe + s